LKI 205.4

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants : GEORGE R. KAPLAN, ET AL.

Serial No. : 10/764,937

Filed: January 26, 2004

For : LASER MARKING SYSTEM

Art Unit : 1725

Examiner : Geoffrey S. Evans

March 14, 2007

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

NOTICE OF RELATED LITIGATION

Applicants' U.S. Patent Nos. 6,476,351 and 7,010,938, both of which are continuations of the Application No. 08/690,309, which issued as U.S. Patent No. 5,932,119, are the subject of a suit for patent infringement by applicants' Assignee, Lazare Kaplan International, Inc., as Plaintiff, against Photoscribe Technologies, Inc., Defendant. A Complaint in this lawsuit was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York on May 25, 2006 and assigned the Civil Action No. 06 CV 4005.

Respectfully submitted,

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Note

10/764,937

SPEC(01/26/2004)

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

On page 1, after the title, insert the following heading and paragraph:

-- CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

The present application is a continuation of Application Serial No. 10/237,329 filed September 6, 2002, now U.S. Patent No. 6684663, which is a divisional of Application Serial No. 09/688,655 filed October 16, 2000, now U.S. Patent No. 6476351, which is a divisional of Application Serial No. 09/309,982 filed May 11, 1999, now U.S. Patent No. 6,211,484, which was a divisional of Application Serial No. 08/690,309 filed July 30, 1996, now U.S. Patent No. 5,932,119, issued August 3, 1999. --

2

Entry approved oxf27/2007

10/764,937

SPEC Collactory)

On page 2, line 19 please amend the fourth complete paragraph as follows:

U.S. Patent No. 4,799,786, incorporated herein by reference, relates to a method of diamond identification provides a method for the identification of diamonds in which a sample to be identified is placed in a beam of monochromatic laser radiation of pre-determined wavelength. The scattered Raman radiation emitted from the sample is passed through a filter adapted to pass only scattered Raman radiation of frequency characteristic of a diamond. The filtered radiation is then detected by the human eye or a photocell device. See also, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,397,556 and 4,693,377, and foreign patent GB 2,140,555, Melles Griot, Optics Guide 3, 1985, pp. 1, 333, 350, 351; and Solin et al., Physical Review B, 1(4):1687-1698 (Feb. 15, 1970).